# A LEVEL PHYSICAL EDUCATION



**Course Outline** 

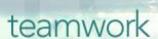


Taster lesson - Aggression

### Activity

Identify which of the following statements show aggression and which show assertion:

- an athlete shoulder-pushing another on the final bend in a 1,500 metre race
- a boxer landing the final knock-out punch
- a rugby forward player punching a member of the opposition in a scrum
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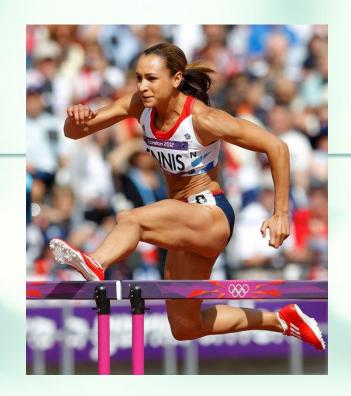
### **Course Outline**

### Have you ever wondered...

- Why some people can run faster than others?
- How your personality affects your performance?
- Why people take drugs?
- How technology can help you?

Opt for A Level Physical Education to find out the answers.

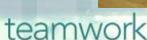
Studying A Level Physical Education will give you a fantastic insight into the amazing world of sports performance. Not only will you have the chance to perform or coach a sport through the nonexam assessment component, you will also develop a wide ranging knowledge into the how and why of physical activity and sport.





The development of transferable skills including: decision making, psychological understanding of people, independent thinking, problem solving and analytical skills as well as thinking and acting under pressure are exciting benefits of choosing this course.







A Level Trip to Loughborough University



### **TRIPS**



### **ACTIVE LEARNING**

teamwork



### A Level PE

Taught by 3 STAFF

Mrs Swan, Miss Barrell, Mr Hallahan

70% Exam 30% Coursework
This is a **theory** based course

1 hour of practical per fortnight.





teamwork



### **Course Outline**

- 3 externally assessed written papers at the end of year 13
- Physiological Factors 2hrs 30%
- Psychological Factors 1hr 20%
- Socio-Cultural Studies 1hr 20%

**70% EXAM** 

#### **Content Overview**

#### Assessment Overview

### H555/01 Physiological factors affecting performance

This component will assess:

- 1.1 Applied anatomy and physiology
- 1.2 Exercise physiology
- 1.3 Biomechanics

H555/02 Psychological factors affecting performance

This component will assess:

- 2.1 Skill acquisition
- 2.2 Sports psychology

Written paper: 2 hours 30% of total A Level 90 marks

This paper consists of a mixture of objective response, short and medium length answers, and extended response items. It may also include multiple choice questions.

Written paper: 1 hour 20% of total A Level 60 marks

This paper consists of a mixture of objective response, short and medium length answers, and extended response items. It may also include multiple choice questions.

#### H555/03 Socio-cultural issues in physical activity and sport

This component will assess:

- 3.1 Sport and society
- 3.2 Contemporary issues in physical activity and sport

Written paper: 1 hour 20% of total A Level 60 marks

This paper consists of a mixture of objective response, short and medium length answers, and extended response items. It may also include multiple choice questions.



### **Assessment Framework**

#### Physiological factors affecting performance (30%):

- 2 hour written examination assessing: Applied anatomy and physiology, exercise physiology and biomechanics
- Psychological factors affecting performance (20%):
- 1 hour written examination assessing:
- Skill acquisition and sports psychology.
- Socio-cultural issues in physical activity and sport (20%):
- 1 hour written examination assessing: Sport and society, contemporary issues in physical activity and sport.
- Non-exam assessment NEA (30%):
- Coursework assessing:
- Performing or coaching (15%) plus evaluating and analysing performance for improvement (15%).



## Coursework (NEA)

#### H555/05 Practical Performances

This component will assess either:

 core and advanced skills in performing one activity

or

core and advanced skills in coaching one activity.

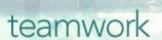
H555/06 Evaluating and Analysing Performance for Improvement

This component draws upon the knowledge, understanding and skills a learner has learnt throughout the course and enables them to analyse and evaluate a peer's performance in one activity. Non-exam assessment (NEA) 15% of total A Level 30 marks, weighted up to 45 marks

This NEA will consist of one activity taken from the approved list. Learners can be assessed in the role of performer or coach.

Non-exam assessment (NEA) 15% of total A Level 30 marks, weighted up to 45 marks

This NEA will consist of observing a live or recorded performance by a peer and then providing an oral response analysing and critically evaluating the performance.



# Where can I find the criteria for my practical activity?

(worth15%)

**OCR** Website

https://www.ocr.org.uk/lmag es/234840-guide-to-nonexam-assessment-as-anda-level.pdf

### EAPI (oral exam 15%)

- Observe a performance in ONE activity
- Make an oral response
- Critically evaluate the performance
- Describe strengths & weaknesses
- Create an action plan for improvement
- Justify comments with relevant concepts studied in theory lessons.













teamwork

### Standards in A-Level PE

- Be prepared to learn this is a theory based course.
- Complete your independent learning tasks – you will not be allowed in the lesson without them!
- Extra reading is crucial

Hard work + high standards = A grade

### Organisation in A-Level PE

### You will need:

- a) 3 Files with dividers
- b) Your text book EVERY lesson
- c) A4 Paper
- d) FULL writing equipment including pens/pencils/highlighters
- e) Have the correct kit for all practical lessons



### **Summer Homework**

Demo - school website

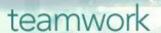
PE & Performing Arts

3 areas of study to complete work for

PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS

**SOCIO-CULTURAL ISSUES** 

PHYSIOLOGICAL FACTORS



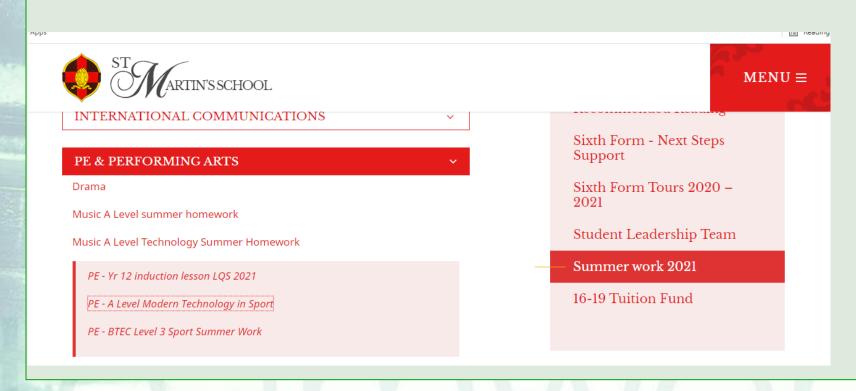
### **PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS**

### Research

- 1. Atkinson & Shiffren's multi-store memory model.
- Craik & Lockhart's levels of processing model.
- Print / copy out both models and write a brief description of each model (relate to the learning & performance of movement skills.

### **SOCIO-CULTURAL ISSUES**

# Follow the link below to look into Modern Technology in Sport

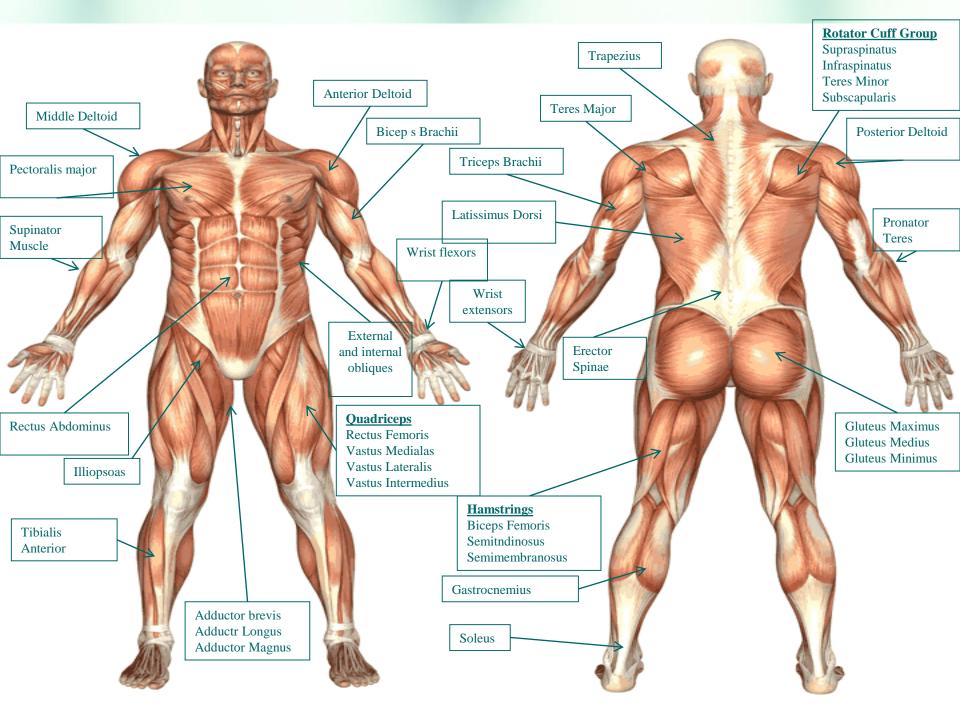




### PHYSIOLOGICAL FACTORS

It is expected that prior to starting year 12 that you learn the muscles and locations on the attached slide.

This will be tested in your first lesson.



### **Taster Lesson**

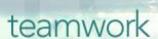
# Aggression



### Activity

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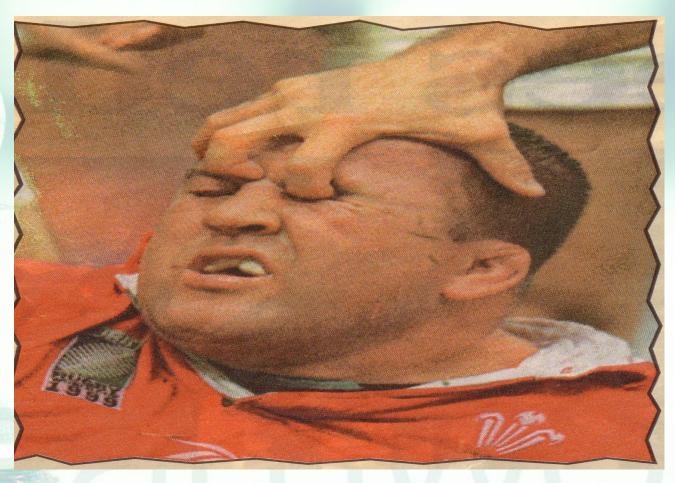
### **Aggression**

### **Learning Objectives**

- DEFINITION (AS OPPOSED TO ASSERTION)
- PSYCHOLOGICAL THEORIES OF AGGRESSION

METHODS OF ELIMINATING AGGRESSION IN SPORT

## **AGGRESSION**



teamwork

## What is aggression?

Using the starter activity how can we DEFINE aggression?

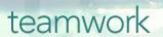
What key words would we include in the definition?

How can you differentiate between aggression & assertion?

### **AGGRESSION OR ASSERTION**

"Aggression is the intent to harm either physically or psychologically outside the laws of the event"

"Assertion is forceful behaviour directed to achieve a goal WITHIN the rules of the game."



## Why are people aggressive?

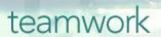
Watch the clip.

If you deem the behaviour to be aggressive according to the definition list the REASONS / CAUSES.

### **JUST ONE CLICK!**

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tz428Aa GzoA&safe=active

Ronan O'Gara punch



### **PSYCHOLOGICAL THEORIES**

- FRUSTRATION THEORY
- INSTINCT THEORY
- SOCIAL LEARNING THEORY
- AGGRESSIVE CUE HYPOTHESIS



Tom Youngs @TomYoungs87 2h @SalesiMaafu good shot mate, go well in the final. #rocky





SalesiMaafu @SalesiMaafu



@TomYoungs87 cheers mate. The jersey can overcome us in the heat of battle. I owe you a pint. #respect

### AGGRESSIVE CUE



# Aggression is dysfunctional behaviour and needs to be eliminated.

# Assertion is functional behaviour





# How can aggression be eliminated?

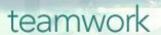
List as many ways as you can think of



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### **ELIMINATING AGGRESSION**

- Punish aggressive behaviour cards, fines, bans
- Avoid situation change position / time out
- Reward fair play
- Highlight non-aggressive role models
- Control arousal stress management
- Increase peer pressure highlight could let the team down
- Ensure players are aware of their 'wider role' in society.



# Example exam question 10 mark question

Evaluate critically theories of aggression that seek to explain why negative responses often occur in sporting situations. Use practical examples.

### **Aggression**

**Learning Objectives** 

- DEFINITION (AS OPPOSED TO ASSERTION)
- THEORIES OF AGGRESSION

METHODS OF ELIMINATING
 AGGRESSION IN SPORT

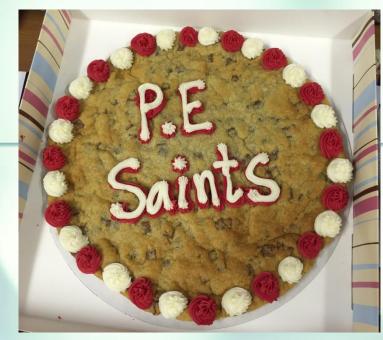
### **Why Study A-Level Physical Education?**

Physical Education provides a suitable foundation for study in both Physical Education and Sports Studies/Science at degree level.

Physical education can also complement further study in biology, human biology, physics, psychology, nutrition, sociology and many more.

The specification provides an excellent base for those intending to pursue careers in teaching and coaching, sports development, the leisure industry, physiotherapy, personal training and professional sport.







Adam Gemili

